

EXTENDED WRITING: PLASTIC AND PACKAGING

B2 | Adults / Teens | Discussion Writing | 20–30 minutes | Set 2

Write developed answers. Support your ideas with reasons, examples, or a personal experience.

1. How important is plastic in your daily life?

2. What are the downsides of plastic?

3. What do you do to reduce your plastic use?

4. What happens to plastic after it has been used in your country?

5. What do you think about excessive plastic packaging?

6. Have you ever used plastic money or plastic bank cards?

7. How is plastic made, and what is it made from?

8. What is your favourite useful plastic object, and why?

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Possible B2 answers: Notice how each response gives a clear idea and support.

1. How important is plastic in your daily life?

Example: Plastic is very important because it keeps food safe, makes medical equipment possible and is used in many everyday products. The challenge is using it only where it is genuinely necessary.

2. What are the downsides of plastic?

Example: Plastic can pollute land and oceans, harm wildlife and remain in the environment for a long time. Recycling helps, but it cannot solve every problem.

3. What do you do to reduce your plastic use?

Example: I carry a reusable bottle and bag, avoid single-use items when possible and choose products with less packaging. Small habits are useful when many people adopt them.

4. What happens to plastic after it has been used in your country?

Example: In my country, some plastic is recycled, some is burned for energy and some may still be sent to landfill. Clear local information is needed so people know what to do.

5. What do you think about excessive plastic packaging?

Example: Excessive packaging often seems wasteful, especially when a small item is wrapped in several layers. Companies should protect products without creating unnecessary rubbish.

6. Have you ever used plastic money or plastic bank cards?

Example: Most people use plastic bank cards, although digital payments are becoming more common. They are convenient, but I would prefer longer-lasting or recyclable alternatives.

7. How is plastic made, and what is it made from?

Example: Most plastics are made from chemicals derived from oil or natural gas. This link to fossil fuels is one reason why reducing unnecessary production matters.

8. What is your favourite useful plastic object, and why?

Example: A reusable food container is one of my most useful plastic objects because it prevents waste and makes it easier to take meals outside the home.
