

GRAMMAR DIAGNOSTIC INTERMEDIATE - TEST 2

Student paper 1 of 2 | Suggested time: 25-35 minutes for both pages

Name: _____ Date: _____

Circle A, B or C. Work without reference materials or outside help. You may leave a question blank.

1. I couldn't get in because I ____ my key at work.
A. have left B. had left C. leave

2. The windows ____ every Friday.
A. clean B. are cleaned C. are cleaning

3. I ____ that film three times so far.
A. saw B. have seen C. see

4. We decided ____ a taxi.
A. to take B. take C. taking

5. This is a hospital. You ____ smoke here.
A. don't have to B. needn't C. mustn't

6. He has worked here ____ six months.
A. for B. since C. during

7. On Monday, Lee said, "I can help you today." Reporting on Tuesday: Lee said he ____ help me on Monday.
A. will B. could C. can

8. If you ____ now, you will catch the bus.
A. leave B. left C. will leave

9. While I ____ the dishes, I broke a glass.
A. have washed B. wash C. was washing

10. That is the cafe ____ we first met.
A. who B. which C. where

11. Those clouds are very dark. It ____ rain.
A. is going to B. did C. has

12. If this flat were cheaper, I ____ it.
A. will rent B. rent C. would rent

GRAMMAR DIAGNOSTIC INTERMEDIATE - TEST 2

Student paper 2 of 2 | Short answers

Name: _____ Date: _____

Use the words in **bold**; change their form where needed. Write full sentences for rewrites.

13. Use the past perfect of **begin**: By the time we found our seats, the concert _____.

14. Make this passive: The council opened the stadium in 2005.

15. Use the past simple of **meet**: We _____ our new neighbours last weekend.

16. Use **wait**: Would you mind _____ outside for a moment?

17. Use **have to** in the correct form: Entry is free, so visitors _____ pay.

18. Choose **for** or **since**: They have been married _____ 2016.

19. On Wednesday, Dan said, "I will call you tomorrow." Report on Thursday. Begin **Dan said he**. You were the listener.

20. Use **will** and **miss**: If we do not hurry, we _____ the start of the film.

21. Use the past continuous of **drive**: At ten last night, we _____ home when the storm began.

22. Choose **whose**, **who** or **where**: I know a teacher _____ son studies here.

23. Express this prediction using **will**: the journey / take two hours. Begin **I think**.

24. Use the past simple of **have**: If we _____ a car, we would drive to the coast.

GRAMMAR DIAGNOSTIC ANSWERS

INTERMEDIATE - TEST 2

Teacher only | Questions 1-12

Print student pages 1-2 only. One point per item, maximum 24. Accept equivalent grammatical answers that meet the instruction and preserve the meaning. Ignore unrelated spelling or punctuation slips unless meaning is obscured. No CEFR conversion or pass threshold.

1. B - had left

Revise: Past perfect: had + past participle marks the earlier event.

2. B - are cleaned

Revise: Present passive: are + past participle for a regular action done to the subject.

3. B - have seen

Revise: Present perfect: so far connects repeated experience to the present.

4. A - to take

Revise: Verb patterns: decide + to-infinitive.

5. C - mustn't

Revise: Prohibition: must not means an action is not permitted.

6. A - for

Revise: For and since: for introduces a duration.

7. B - could

Revise: Reported statements: can backshifts to could when reporting this past offer.

8. A - leave

Revise: First conditional: use present simple in the if-clause for a realistic future condition.

9. C - was washing

Revise: Past continuous: an action in progress provides the background to a past event.

10. C - where

Revise: Relative clauses: where introduces information about what happened in a place.

11. A - is going to

Revise: Future: be going to can express a prediction based on present evidence.

12. C - would rent

Revise: Second conditional: would + base verb for a hypothetical present or future result.

GRAMMAR DIAGNOSTIC ANSWERS

INTERMEDIATE - TEST 2

Teacher only | Questions 13-24

Answers continue in question order. The grammar notes identify what to revise after a difficulty.

13. had begun

Revise: Past perfect: produce the complete form had begun, not only the participle.

14. The stadium was opened by the council in 2005. / The stadium was opened in 2005.

Revise: Past passive: was + past participle; the agent may be included or omitted here.

15. met

Revise: Past simple: use the irregular form met with a specified finished time.

16. waiting

Revise: Verb patterns: would you mind + -ing.

17. do not have to / don't have to

Revise: Lack of necessity: do not have to means there is no obligation to pay.

18. since

Revise: For and since: since introduces a starting point.

19. Dan said he would call me today. / Dan said he would call me on Thursday. / Dan said he would call me the next day. / Dan said he would call me the following day.

Revise: Reported statements: will becomes would; you becomes me. Today or on Thursday works on the reporting day; the next/following day also works.

20. will miss / 'll miss

Revise: First conditional: will + base verb for the predicted result.

21. were driving

Revise: Past continuous: were + -ing with we; the storm began during the journey.

22. whose

Revise: Relative clauses: whose expresses possession before the noun son.

23. I think the journey will take two hours.

Revise: Future prediction: will + base verb after I think; do not add -s to take.

24. had

Revise: Second conditional: past form in the if-clause; had expresses an unreal present situation.

Record patterns

Multiple choice: ____ /12 Short answers: ____ /12 Total: ____ /24

Priority grammar / evidence: _____

Compare paired targets (1 with 13, 2 with 14, etc.) after marking. Follow up errors or guesses with fresh examples. Two correct answers do not prove mastery. Tests 1-3 sample matched target families; scores are not statistically equated. These are selected grammar points, not a complete grammar inventory.